RANCHI UNIVERSITY

# III.CORE COURSE[CCECO203]:(Credits: Theory-04, Tutorial-01)

Marks: 30 (MSE: 20Th. 1Hr + 5Attd. + 5Assign.) + 70 (ESE: 3Hrs)=100 Pass Marks (MSE:17 + ESE:28)=45

#### Instruction to Question Setter:

#### Mid Semester Examination (MSE):

There will be **two** groups of questions in written examinations of 20 marks. **Group A is compulsory** and will contain five questions of **very short answer type** consisting of 1 mark each. **Group B will contain descriptive type five** questions of five marks each, out of which any three are to be answered.

#### End Semester Examination (ESE):

There will be two groups of questions. Group A is compulsory and will contain two questions. Question No.1 will be very short answer type consisting of five questions of 1 mark each. Question No.2 will be short answer type of 5 marks. Group B will contain descriptive type six questions of fifteen marks each, out of which any four are to be answered.

Note: There may be subdivisions in each question asked in Theory Examinations

The Mid Semester Examination shall have three components. (a) Two Semester Internal Assessment Test (SIA) of 20 Marks each, (b) Class Attendance Score (CAS) of 5 marks and (c) Class Performance Score (CPS) of 5 marks. "Best of Two" shall be applicable for computation of marks for SIA.

(Attendance Upto75%, 1mark; 75<Attd.<80, 2 marks; 80<Attd.<85, 3 marks; 85<Attd.<90, 4 marks; 90<Attd, 5 marks).

## MACROECONOMICS THEORY, INDIAN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS Theory: 60 Lectures; Tutorial:15 Hrs

### Module I: Neo classical and Keynesian Synthesis

Neo-classical and Keynesian views on interest; The IS-LM model; Extension of IS-LM model with government sector; Relative effectiveness of monetary and fiscal policies; Extension of IS-LM models with labour market and flexible prices.

### **Module II: Theories of Inflation**

Various concepts of Inflation: Core, Headline, Threshold, Its causes and effects, Quantity theory view, Keynes' view. Phillips curve analysis, long run Phillips curve, Monetarist and Structuralist views of inflation. Inflation and Growth.

#### Module III: Trade Cycle Theories

Accelerator-multiplier interaction models, Theories of Schumpeter, Kaldor, Samuelson and Hicks, Investment and Savings; Control of business cycles — relative efficacy of monetary and fiscal policies.

#### Module IV: Monetary and Fiscal Policies :

Objectives, conflicts among objectives, Mundell-Fleming model, Recent Developments : Monetarism. New-classical macroeconomics: Rational expectation revolution and Real business cycle theory. New-Keynesian macroeconomics.

### **Module V: Indian Financial Markets**

Indian Money Market, characteristics, major stakeholders and instruments, Call Money Market, Treasury bill Market, commercial bill market, Certificate of Deposits, Commercial Papers, Discount Market Indian Capital Market – Structure and types Indian Capital markets, major stakeholders and instruments, Non-Banking Financial Companies, Regulatory bodies SEBI and IRDA, their functions.